

**POISON**  
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

eChem  
**MCPA 750**

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 750 g/L MCPA present as the  
DIMETHYLAMINE SALT

**GROUP I HERBICIDE**

For the selective control of broadleaf weeds in cereals,  
linseed, oilseed poppies, pastures, rice, sugar cane  
and turf as per Directions for Use table.

**IMPORTANT: READ THIS ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE OPENING  
OR USING THIS PRODUCT.**

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**STORAGE AND DISPOSAL**

**For Only (20 L and 200 L)**

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple or preferably pressure rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, triple rinse, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty containers for appropriate disposal at an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty containers 500mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory Government Regulations. Empty containers and product should NOT be burnt.

**For Mini Bulk Returnable Containers (110 L Only)**

Store the original sealed Envirodrum in a dry, cool, well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the Envirodrums with water or any other foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure the Micro Matic coupler, delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the Envirodrums have been used, please return the empty Envirodrums to the point of purchase. The Envirodrum remains the property of Relyon (Australia) Pty Ltd.

**For Refillable Containers (1000 L Only)**

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

**SAFETY DIRECTIONS**

Harmful if swallowed. Attacks eyes. Will irritate the skin. When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-length PVC gloves and goggles. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. If product or spray in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms, and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

**FIRST AID**

If poisoning occurs contact a Doctor or phone the Australian Poisons Information Centre 13 11 26.

For specialist advice in an emergency dial 1800 638 556 / 24 hours Australia wide.

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

**RESTRAINTS**

DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

DO NOT apply if rain is likely within 6 hours.

**1. FIELD CROPS**

**Table A: High Volume Spraying**

See GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS – APPLICATION section for application method details.

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale	Refer to Weed Table	SA, TAS only	460 mL-1.45 L/ha	Apply through the tillering stage after the crop plants have 5 leaves and before they commence jointing.
		QLD only		Apply from early tillering (4-5 fully emerged main stem leaves plus one or more tillers) until before the boot stage (visible swelling of the head at the top of the main stem).
		ACT, NSW only		Apply 460 mL rate after crop has reached 5 leaf stage and weeds marked # in weed table have 3-6 leaves. Higher rates after the first node can be felt at the base of a tiller and before swelling of the head can be felt in a tiller.
		VIC only	460-960 mL/ha	Apply 460 mL rate after crop has reached 2-3 leaf stage and weeds marked # in weed table have 2-4 leaves. Higher rate after the crop plants have 5 leaves to fully tillered.
		WA only	600 mL-1.35 L/ha	Apply to crop from 5 leaf to Flag leaf emergence. (Z15-37).
Wheat, Barley, Triticale, Cereal rye	Capeweed, Doublegee, Erodium, Mustard, Rapistrum, Wild turnip, Wild radish	WA only	270 mL/ha plus 350 mL/ha Flowable Diuron	CROP: 3-4 leaf stage. (Z13-14).
			330 mL/ha plus 400 mL/ha Flowable Diuron	CROP: 4-5 leaf stage. (Z14-15).
				Apply by boom with 20-100 L/ha water, when most weeds have germinated and are in 2-5 leaf stage. Crop and weeds should be dry at time of application. Some temporary yellowing of crop may occur after application.
		NSW, ACT, VIC only	330 mL/ha plus 500 mL/ha Flowable Diuron	Apply by boom spray when the crop is at the 3-5 leaf stage (NSW and SA only) and 5 leaf stage (VIC only). Weeds must be in the 2-5 leaf stage. DO NOT apply to undersown medic or lucerne. DO NOT use on Kamilaroi, Kite, Olympic or Shortim wheat.  DO NOT use on very light sandy soils.
Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale	Soldier thistle  Skeleton weed	SA only	460 mL/ha plus 200 mL/ha clopyralid 300 g/L	Apply to crop at tillering stage after the crop has 5 leaves and before the crop commences jointing.
			660 mL/ha plus 500 mL/ha clopyralid 300 g/L	Apply to rosettes from 5-15 cm diameter when the crop is between the 5 leaf and late tillering growth stages. It is essential that all the Skeleton weed is emerged and minimum of 5 cm diameter which is usually not before August. This rate will provide control of Skeleton weed until harvest and will substantially reduce seed numbers the following season.

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE	WEED STAGE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Field peas	Prickly lettuce ( <i>Lactuca serriola</i> )	NSW, VIC, TAS, SA only	4 leaf	80 mL/ha plus 125 mL/ha diflufenican 500 g/L	FIELD PEAS: Apply early post-emergence after the third node stage and before the start of flowering.
			6 leaf	100 mL/ha plus 150 mL/ha diflufenican 500 g/L	WARNING: Field peas grown on high pH soils in the presence of free lime may be less tolerant to diflufenican.
	Charlock (Wild mustard) ( <i>Sinapis arvensis</i> )		4 leaf	80 mL/ha plus 125 mL/ha diflufenican 500 g/L	APPLICATION AND WEED CONTROL: Apply when weeds are actively growing. For optimum results apply 4-6 weeks post-sowing. Application beyond 8 weeks post-sowing may result in reduced levels of weed control. In most situations the rate specified for each weed size will give satisfactory control. Under certain conditions such as: • high crop and weed density, • late season germinations, • abnormal weed growth (including early flowering); higher rates of product (up to the maximum rate of application specified for that weed) may be required. diflufenican will not effectively control: • regrowth of suppressed weeds, • transplanted weeds, • regrowth from rhizomes or roots, • weeds growing under stress from previous herbicide applications.
			6 leaf	100 mL/ha plus 150 mL/ha diflufenican 500 g/L	

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Linseed	Refer to Weed Table	QLD only	460 mL-1.45 L/ha	Apply when crop is 10-15 cm tall with at least 170 L/ha of water. DO NOT spray after buds appear. Some wilting effect may be seen following application but crop usually recovers quickly. DO NOT apply by aircraft.
		NSW, ACT, VIC, SA, TAS only	460-730 mL/ha	
Sugar Cane	Blue top, Chinese burr, Flannel weed, Gambia pea, Bell vine, Streaked rattle pod, Bindweed, Pink convolvulus, Cupid's flower, Merremia vine, Morning glory  As above plus Fat hen, Noogoora burr	QLD only	930 mL/ha	POST-EMERGENT: Apply as a directed inter-row spray. DO NOT exceed rates with phenoxy sensitive varieties.
			1.45 L/ha	
Oil-seed Poppies ( <i>Papaver somniferum</i> )	Fat hen ( <i>Chenopodium album</i> ), Spear thistle ( <i>Cirsium vulgare</i> )	TAS only	1 L/ha	Use only in consultation with the poppy contracting company. Apply at least 1 week after petal fall after poppy seed has been set. Apply by aircraft in 30-40 L of water/ha. This treatment will control late germinating weeds if they are green and at the bud or early flowering stage. Spraying at this time will twist weeds below the crop canopy. DO NOT apply in horticultural areas where there is a risk of spray or vapour drift over susceptible crops.
Rice	Dirty Dora, Starfruit, Sedges, Buddah (Butter) pea	NSW only	485-970 mL/ha	Apply by aircraft at early/mid tillering stage of rice but not later than panicle initiation. Use 485 mL/ha at 35 days after aerial sowing (approx. 2 L per rice plant). Use 970 mL/ha at 45 days or more after cereal sowing (3 tillers or more per rice plant). The crop should be sprayed before flowering of the weeds. WATER MANAGEMENT: Before herbicide application, lower water level in the bays to at least 2 thirds of the weed growth for direct contact with eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide. Weeds covered by water will not be controlled. Raise water depth to normal levels 24 hours following spraying.
Flax	Refer to Weed Table	VIC, TAS only	325 mL/ha	Apply to crop when 8-20 cm high.

**2. PASTURES, SEED CROPS & TURF**

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Grass Pastures	Refer to Weed Table	All States	460 mL-2.7 L/ha	Apply to established grass based pastures. Damage may occur to legumes if present. See "Legume Tolerance" below. NOTE: Capeweed, Paterson's curse and Variegated thistle may be poisonous to stock after spraying.
		SA only	460 mL-1.45 L/ha	Use low rate on seedlings with no more than 2 true leaves. Use 100 L of water for best results. If clover present, DO NOT exceed 575 mL.
		NSW, ACT only	2 L/ha	Apply in Autumn when horehound plants are at the seedling stage. If sub clover or medic plants are present they will be damaged by this application.
Grass Seed Crops	Refer to Weed Table	QLD, SA, TAS, VIC, WA only	460 mL-2.7 L/ha	Apply to established grass seed crops.
Sub-clover seed crops Pastures - Spray/ Graze Technique	Refer to Weed Table	VIC, SA only	460-960 mL/ha	DO NOT exceed rate specified. Spray in Autumn and early Winter.
		NSW, ACT, VIC only	230-930 mL/ha	Spray actively growing 6-8 week old weeds. Introduce stock 7-10 days after spraying, preferably sheep as cattle are less effective. Use stocking rate at least 5 times heavier than normal until weeds have been reduced but before survival of desirable pasture species is threatened. Lucerne and medics may be damaged and should be grazed short before spraying. Refer "Legume Tolerance" under General Instructions.
			TAS only	460 mL/ha
		WA only	610 mL-1.25 L/ha	Observe Withholding Periods of at least 7 days after spraying.
		SA only	330 mL/ha	
Turf	Refer to Weed Table	All States	330 mL/ha or 2.8 mL/100 m <sup>2</sup>	Newly laid - Delay until well established or at least 2 months old. Apply in high volume to actively growing weeds. See "Legume Tolerance". Buffalo grass is more easily damaged than other grasses.
			930 mL-1.8 L/ha or 10-19 mL/100 m <sup>2</sup>	Established - Apply in high volume to actively growing weeds. DO NOT mow for 2 days before application. Some transitory damage may occur to fine turf grasses and trawberry clover. See "Legume Tolerance". Buffalo grass is more easily damaged than other grasses.

### 3. SPOT SPRAYING

SITUATION & CROP	STATE	MIXING RATES / CRITICAL COMMENTS
High Volume Spraying	All States	Use 130 mL/100 L of water for easy to kill weeds such as Wild turnip, Mustards and Wild radish. Use 270 mL/100 L of water for more difficult to control weeds such as Docks, Hoary cress and Bindweed.
Knapsack Application		Use 13 mL/10 L of water for easy to kill weeds such as Wild turnip, Mustards and Wild radish. Use 27 mL/10 L of water for more difficult to control weeds such as Docks, Hoary cress and Bindweed.

### 4. NON CROP AREAS, FALLOW LAND, INDUSTRIAL & COMMERCIAL AREAS, RIGHTS-OF-WAY

SITUATION & CROP	WEEDS	STATE	RATE	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Non Crop Areas, Fallow Land, Industrial & Commercial Areas, Rights of Way	Refer to Weed Table	All States	Refer to Weed Table	Apply at rates shown in Weed Table when weeds only are present and no crop or pasture is involved.

#### WEED TABLE

Where weeds are to be sprayed in a crop or pasture use only the rates given for particular crop or situation indicated under the Directions for Use table. In most cases this will give control, however some hard to kill weeds or those in advanced stages of growth may only be suppressed. The rates listed in the Weed Table below are for use where weeds only are present and no crop or pasture is involved. Use at these rates in a crop or pasture other than for spot spraying may cause damage. This product should only be used in those states where a rate or range of rates is indicated for the particular weeds listed.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	VIC	NSW, ACT	SA	TAS	QLD	WA	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Ball mustard	–	–	1.15 L	–	–	–	Apply at rosette stage.
Bathurst burr	1.35 L	660 mL-1.35L	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	Spray young seedlings only.
Black bindweed	–	970 mL-1.35L	–	–	970 mL-1.35L	–	Apply at young stage prior to flowering.
California burr	–	660 mL-1.35L	–	1.45 L	–	–	Spray young seedlings only.
Cape tulip	–	–	–	–	–	1.35 L	Apply just prior to flowering. Gives mild suppression only.
Capeweed	–	1.45 L	1.45 L	1.45 L	1.45 L	–	Apply at seedling stage.
Carrot weed	1.35 L	–	–	–	1.35 L	–	Apply at seedling stage.
Charlock	460 mL	660 mL	460 mL	600 mL-1.45 L	460 mL	–	Apply at rosette stage.
Cutleaf mignonette	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	–	Apply at young rosette stage.
Dandelion	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	Apply at young rosette stage.
Dead nettle	–	1.45 L	–	–	1.45 L	–	Moderately susceptible. Apply at seedling stage.
Docks	690 mL	–	1.45 L	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at rosette stage and before flower heads emerge. Only the top growth of old established plants will be affected.
Fat hen	1.35 L	660 mL-1.35L	–	1.35 L	1.35 L	–	Spray up to rosette stage.
Fennel	1.8 L	1.8 L	1.8 L	1.8 L	1.8 L	–	Apply at young stage.
Field bindweed	1.35 L	–	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	1.35 L	Apply at bud stage, repeating over several seasons.
Field cress	–	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at young stage.
Flatweed or Cat's-ear	–	–	–	1.45 L	–	930 mL	Apply when weeds are 10-15cm high.
Fumitory (red)	930 mL	930 mL	930 mL	–	930 mL	–	Apply at young stage prior to flowering.
Hoary cress	3.0 L	–	1.45 L	–	3.0 L	–	Apply before flowering.
Horehound	–	2.0 L	1.45 L	–	–	–	Apply at rosette stage.
Hedge mustard	730 mL#	–	460 mL	460 mL	460 mL	825 mL	Apply at rosette stage.
Hexham scent or Melilotus	960 mL	800 mL	930 mL	–	930 mL	–	Apply at young seedling stage.
Lesser swinecress	–	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at young stage.
Lincoln weed	–	–	460 mL	–	–	–	Apply at rosette stage.
London rocket	–	–	–	–	–	825 mL	Apply at rosette stage.
Lupins	–	460-960 mL	–	–	–	825 mL	Spray up to 10cm high.
Mintweed	1.35 L	1.35 L	–	–	1.35 L	–	Spray young seedlings only.
Mustards	730 mL#	660 mL#	730 mL	730 mL	–	825 mL	Spray up to rosette stage.
Noogoora burr	1.35 L	660 mL-1.35L	1.35 L	–	1.35 L	1.35 L	Spray young seedlings only.
Opium poppy	–	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at young stage.
Paterson's curse	–	660-960 mL	–	–	2.7 L	–	Apply early rosette stage.
Pimpernel	–	–	460 mL	–	–	–	Apply at rosette stage.
Plantains	–	1.35 L	–	1.35 L	1.35 L	–	Apply at young stage.
Rapeseed	–	660-960 mL	–	–	–	–	Spray up to rosette stage.
Rough poppy	–	460-960 mL	–	–	–	–	Spray up to rosette stage.
Safflower	–	460-960 mL	–	–	–	–	Spray up to rosette stage.
Shepherd's purse	–	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at rosette stage
Skeleton weed	–	960 mL-1.35L	–	–	–	–	Spray rosettes before aerial growth commences.
Sorrel	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	–	Apply to rosette stage.
Stinkwort	1.35 L	660-960 mL	1.35 L	–	–	1.35 L	Apply when weeds are 10-15cm high.
Sunflower (seedlings)	–	690 mL-1 L	–	–	–	–	Spray up to rosette stage
Thistles: - Artichoke	1.05 L	–	1.45 L	–	1.35 L	460 mL	Apply at rosette stage.
- Nodding	–	1.65 L	–	–	–	–	Spray early rosettes. Repeat spray required in following Spring or Autumn.
- Saffron	960 mL-1.65L	660 mL-1.35L	930 mL-1.65L	930 mL-1.65L	930 mL-1.65L	930 mL-1.65L	Spray up to rosette stage. (September WA).
- Scotch or Cotton	1.45 L	–	460-930 mL	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at seedling stage.
- Slender	2.0 L	660 mL-1.35L	660 mL	2.0 L	–	2.0 L	Spray young seedlings only.
- Soldier	730 mL	–	730 mL	–	–	–	Spray young seedlings. Use higher rate for larger weeds.
- Spear	–	960 mL-1.35L	–	1.45 L	–	–	Apply at rosette stage.
- Star	–	–	730-930 mL	–	–	–	Apply at seedling stage. Use higher rate for larger weeds.
- Variegated	960 mL	660 mL-1.35L	460-930 mL	960 mL	960 mL	960 mL	Spray young seedlings only. Use 1.35 L/ha (SA) for well developed weeds.
Turnip weed	730 mL#	660 mL#	660 mL	–	–	–	Spray up to rosette stage.
Wild artichoke	–	–	1.45 L	–	–	–	Apply at rosette stage.
Wild radish	930 mL	660 mL#	930 mL	1.35 L	460-730 mL	800 mL	Spray up to rosette stage.
Wild turnip	730 mL#	660 mL#	460 mL	1.35 L	460 -730 mL	600 mL	Spray up to rosette stage.

#: refer to Critical Comments for Wheat, Barley, Oats, Triticale

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

#### WITHOLDING PERIOD:

**CEREALS PASTURE: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION**

**HARVEST: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED**

**OILSEED POPPIES: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 5 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION**

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Weeds should be sprayed while actively growing and at their most susceptible stage. As a general guide, annuals should be sprayed when young and perennials just prior to appearance of bud stage. Extremes of cold or drought are unfavourable. The best conditions are when the soil is moist, weather fine and rain unlikely within 6 hours of application. DO NOT spray crops or weeds outside the stages indicated in "Critical Comments" as damage, loss of yield or inadequate weed control may result. DO NOT spray in high winds.

#### APPLICATION AND MIXING INFORMATION

This product mixes readily with water. Half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly before adding the remaining water.

#### Boom Spraying:

Use 30-120 L water per hectare.

Use minimum of 170 L water per hectare for LINSEED.

#### Aerial Spraying:

Use 10-90 L water per hectare.

#### RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

### GROUP I HERBICIDE

eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide is a member of the Phenoxy group of herbicides. eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide has the Disruptors of plant cell growth mode of action. For weed resistance management eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide is a Group I herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide and other disruptors of plant cell growth herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide or other disruptors of plant cell growth herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, eChem (Australia) Pty Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

#### EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Equipment that has been used for this chemical should NOT be used for the application of other materials to sensitive plants unless it has been cleaned with Spraymate Tank & Equipment Cleaner or well washed out with a 2% solution of cloudy ammonia followed by several clear water rinses.

#### COMPATIBILITY AND TANK MIXES

This product can be tank mixed with diflufenican, metsulfuron-methyl, dicamba, bromacil, flowable diuron, clopyralid, Sertin\*(sethoxydim), diquat/ paraquat, flowable terbutryn, Tordon\* and Tribunil\*. The effectiveness of Imidan\*, Le Mat\* and dimethoate may be reduced by alkaline hydrolysis if tank mixed with this product. For these situations the addition of LI 700® is recommended. When tank mixing add the required amount of compatible product (and surfactant if recommended) when the spray tank is nearly full and while continuously agitating. If left overnight, agitate thoroughly before spraying.

\* Other registered trademarks

#### PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT spray in high winds.

#### DRIFT WARNING

DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Avoid spray drift onto susceptible crops such as cotton, tobacco, tomatoes, vines, fruit trees, vegetables, legume crops and pastures, oilseed crops and susceptible trees (e.g. kurrajongs, belahs, eucalypts).

#### LEGUME TOLERANCE

The use of eChem MCPA 750 Herbicide is preferred to 2,4-D Amine or Ester in situations where legumes are undersown in the crop.

NB: The tolerance of pasture legumes to applied product can vary with species, variety, growing conditions, stage of growth and companion crop cover. DO NOT spray cereal crops undersown with lucerne as damage may result.

#### PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

LOW HAZARD TO BEES.

May be applied at any time as recommended in the Directions for Use table.

#### PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers or streams with the product or used container.

#### RE-ENTRY PERIOD

Hand weeding should NOT be performed for 7 days after spray application unless workers wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing), chemical resistant gloves and footwear.

#### CONDITIONS OF SALE

eChem (Australia) Pty Ltd. accepts responsibility for the consistent quality of the product however since the use and application of the product is beyond control, the company accepts no responsibility whatsoever for any loss, damage or other result following the use of the product whether used in accordance with directions or not other than those mandatorily imposed by statutes, the liability is limited to the replacement of the goods and is conditional upon a claim made in writing and, where necessary, a sufficient part of the goods being returned for proper examination by the company within thirty days of sale.

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), which is available from eChem (Australia) Pty Ltd on request.

Harmful if inhaled.

Avoid breathing fumes, mists, vapours or spray.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.